

Plot of  $P_{ij} = \left\langle c_{i\alpha}^\dagger c_{j\alpha} \right\rangle$  for  $i = j$ , and  $i, j$  nearest neighbors.

$$P_{ij} = \left[ \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \mathcal{P}(\mathbf{k}) e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot (\mathbf{r}_i - \mathbf{r}_j)} \right] e^{i\mathbf{Q} \cdot (\mathbf{r}_i + \mathbf{r}_j)/2}$$

$$\mathcal{P}(\mathbf{k}) = \sin(k_x) - \sin(k_y) \quad \text{and} \quad \mathbf{Q} = (\pi, \pi)$$